



enforcement activity or investigation of a violation of a federal ban on firearms, ammunition, or firearm accessories.

The legislation is retroactive to January 1, 2021, declares that an emergency exists, and that this Act shall take effect upon its passage and approval by the Governor, or upon its otherwise becoming a law.

**The fiscal impact of this bill on local law enforcement is indeterminable.**

Most local law enforcement agencies receive some amount of federal funding for highway safety grants, federal drug task force participation grants etc. Agencies may stop receiving federal funding as a result of this legislation.

Local governments may be subject to litigation for refusing to enforce or help enforce federal law or to respond to a citizens complaint in court. Staff time, legal expenses and other costs are not determinable. The Kentucky League of Cities has stated that most cities, especially the smaller ones, retain their city attorney on contract and pay on an hourly basis. Currently (FY 2020), the average hourly rate was \$107.

**Part III: Differences to Local Government Mandate Statement from Prior Versions**

Part II, above, pertains to the bill as introduced.

**Data Source(s):** Kentucky Fraternal Order of Police, Kentucky League of Cities, LRC Staff

**Preparer:** MJO (wfb) **Reviewer:** KHC **Date:** 1/21/22